



UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY
WASHINGTON, DC 20460

OFFICE OF CHEMICAL SAFETY
AND POLLUTION PREVENTION

November 22, 2019

Eric Smith
Director, Regulatory Affairs
PBI/Gordon Corporation
P.O. Box 860350
Shawnee, KS 66286

Subject: Notification per PRN 98-10 – Add advertising claims, update company address,
and add state mandated fertilizer statements
Product Name: EH-1513 Weed & Feed
EPA Registration Number: 2217-963
Application Date: February 13, 2019
Decision Number: 551440

Dear Mr. Smith:

The Agency is in receipt of your Application for Pesticide Notification under Pesticide Registration Notice (PRN) 98-10 for the above referenced product. The Registration Division (RD) has conducted a review of this request for its applicability under PRN 98-10 and finds that the action requested falls within the scope of PRN 98-10. The label submitted with the application has been stamped “Notification” and will be placed in our records.

Should you wish to add/retain a reference to the company’s website on your label, then please be aware that the website becomes labeling under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) and is subject to review by the Agency. If the website is false or misleading, the product would be misbranded and unlawful to sell or distribute under FIFRA section 12(a)(1)(E). 40 CFR 156.10(a)(5) list examples of statements EPA may consider false or misleading. In addition, regardless of whether a website is referenced on your product’s label, claims made on the website may not substantially differ from those claims approved through the registration process. Therefore, should the Agency find or if it is brought to our attention that a website contains false or misleading statements or claims substantially differing from the EPA approved registration, the website will be referred to the EPA’s Office of Enforcement and Compliance. If you have any questions, please contact Theresa Gerber at 703-347-8583 or by email at gerber.theresa@epa.gov.

Sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Mindy Ondish".

Mindy Ondish
Product Manager 23
Herbicide Branch
Registration Division (7505P)
Office of Pesticide Programs

EH-1513 WEED AND FEED

EPA Reg. No. 2217-963

NOTIFICATION

2217-963

The applicant has certified that no changes, other than those reported to the Agency have been made to the labeling. The Agency acknowledges this notification by letter dated:

11/22/2019

ACTIVE INGREDIENTS:

2,4-D	0.675%
Dicamba	0.060%
Quinclorac	0.346%
OTHER INGREDIENTS:	98.919%
TOTAL	100.000%

THIS PRODUCT CONTAINS:

- 13.50 lb 2,4-dichlorophenoxyacetic acid equivalent per ton (CAS ~~1928-43-4~~ 194-75-7)
- 1.20 lb 3,6-dichloro-o-anisic acid equivalent per ton (CAS 1918-00-9)
- 6.92 lb quinclorac per ton (CAS 84087-01-4)

Isomer Specific By AOAC Methods.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

CAUTION

STOP! READ THE ENTIRE LABEL FIRST. OBSERVE ALL PRECAUTIONS AND FOLLOW DIRECTIONS CAREFULLY.

See attached booklet [inside pages] [back panel] for complete Precautionary Statements and Directions for Use, including First Aid and Storage and Disposal.

Guaranteed Analysis: See appendix for example.

FL Fertilizer No. _____

Net Contents: _____

EPA Est. No. _____

Company Name and Address:

PBI/Gordon Corporation

P.O. Box 860350

Shawnee, Kansas 66286



PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals

CAUTION: Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid contact with eyes or clothing. Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling and before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.

First Aid	
If in eyes:	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 - 20 minutes.• Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye.• Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.
Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. For additional information in case of emergency, call toll free 1-877-800-5556.	

Environmental Hazards

This pesticide is toxic to fish and aquatic invertebrates. To protect the environment, do not allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters or surface waters. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area. Sweeping any product that lands on a driveway, sidewalk, or street, back onto the treated area of the lawn or garden will help to prevent run off to water bodies or drainage systems.

These chemicals (2,4-D and dicamba) have properties and characteristics associated with chemicals detected in groundwater. The use of these chemicals in areas where soils are permeable, particularly where the water table is shallow, may result in groundwater contamination. Application around a cistern or well may result in contamination of drinking water or groundwater.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

1. Product Description

[Product name] is formulated [designed] to feed your lawn and control most annual grasses and broadleaf weeds commonly found in home lawns. The product contains a lawn fertilizer and three different herbicides.

- The three herbicides combine to kill many different kinds of weeds.
- Grass weeds: Postemergent control of crabgrass, foxtails, and other annual grass weeds.
- Broadleaf weeds: Postemergent control of [over] [XXX] broadleaf weeds including dandelion, chickweed, thistle and clover. [A partial list of broadleaf weeds is presented on this label.]

2. Precautions and Restrictions:

- Do not apply this product in a way that will contact any person or pet, either directly or through drift. Keep people and pets out of the area during application. Do not allow people or pets to enter the treated area until dusts have settled.
- Not for use on turf being grown for sale or other commercial use as sod, or for commercial seed or for research purposes.
- EH 1513 Weed & Feed is not sold, distributed, or registered within the state of New York. Do not use in the state of New York.

3. Where To Use

[Product name] may be used on the following established turf species:

Established Cool Season Turfgrass: Kentucky bluegrass, rough bluegrass (*Poa trivialis*), perennial ryegrass, fine fescues, tall fescue

Established Warm Season Turfgrass: Bermudagrass, buffalograss, seashore paspalum, zoysiagrass

[Product name] may NOT be used on: annual bluegrass (*Poa annua*), bahiagrass, bentgrass, carpetgrass, centipedegrass, dichondra, St. Augustinegrass. Do not use this product on turfgrass where desirable clovers are present.

Guidelines to follow: The use of [product name] on lawns and ornamental turfgrasses that are not well established, or have been weakened by stress due to mechanical operations, chemical injury, disease, insects, pests, excessive temperatures, or lack of moisture may increase the chances for turfgrass injury. Allow turfgrass weakened by these stresses to recover before application of this product.

WEEDS CONTROLLED			
When applied as directed, this product will control and/or suppress* the following weeds:			
Annual Grass Weeds:			
Barnyardgrass*	Crabgrass (smooth, southern, large)	Foxtail (green, yellow, giant)	
A partial listing of established broadleaf weeds: [see appendix for complete list or include here]			
Bedstraw	Curly dock	Mustard	Red sorrel
Beggarticks	Daisy, oxeye	Narrowleaf plantain	Redroot pigweed
Black medic	Dandelion	Oxalis	Sheep sorrel
Broadleaf plantain	Dichondra	Parsley-piert	Shepherdspurse
Buckhorn plantain	False dandelion	Pearlwort	Slender plantain
Burclover	Ground ivy	Pennycress	Smooth dock
Burdock	Healall	Pepperweed	Smooth pigweed
Carpetweed	Henbit	Pigweed	Spurge
Chickweed, common	Knotweed	Plantain	Thistle
Chickweed, mouseear	Lambsquarters	Poison ivy	Woodsorrel
Chicory	Lespedeza	Poison oak	Yarrow
Clover, hop	Mallow	Pokeweed	and other broadleaf
Clover, strawberry	Matchweed	Purslane, common	weeds
Clover, white	Morningglory	Ragweed	

* for acceptable control of barnyardgrass two applications made at a 6 to 10 week interval are needed

4. When To [Apply] [Use]

This product may be applied in the spring, early summer, or fall. Do not apply more than 2 applications per year [season] with at least 30 days between applications.

[Optional additional text for more specific timing for grass weeds]

CRABGRASS (large and smooth):

- **Spring:** For the best results, apply this product from crabgrass emergence until the 6 leaf stage (2 tillers) or before the crabgrass is 3 to 4 inches in height. Generally, this period begins or corresponds to the first time that you can see crabgrass in your lawn.

FOXTAIL (GREEN, GIANT AND YELLOW):

- **Spring and early summer:** For the best results, apply this product to foxtail during the early growth stages or when foxtail is 1 to 4 inches in height.

BROADLEAF WEEDS:

- **Spring:** Apply when **dandelion, plantain, buttercup, speedwell, knotweed** and other broadleaf weeds are young and actively growing with adequate soil moisture and favorable temperatures (50° to 80°F) for best results.

- **Fall:** Apply when **henbit, chickweed, white clover, ground ivy, lawn burweed** and other broadleaf weeds are young and actively growing with adequate soil moisture and favorable temperatures (50° to 80°F) for best results.

[End optional text]

5. How To Apply

- This product needs to stick to the leaves of broadleaf weeds and should be applied when the grass is wet from dew or rain.
- Poor results will occur if applied to dry lawns. When dry conditions exist, irrigate [or water] the turfgrass 24 hours before application.
- For best results, irrigate after the application. However do not irrigate [or water] sooner than 24 hours after application.
- Apply this product when the wind is calm.
- Do not spread granules onto flowers, vegetables, and ornamental shrubbery.
- Turf species listed on this label can be seeded, sodded, sprigged, or plugged into the treated areas 4 weeks after the application of this product.
- When treating newly planted areas, wait approximately 6 weeks after seedling emergence before applying this product.
- Delay mowing 2 days before and until 3 days after the application of this product. Additional stress from low mowing heights may increase the possibility of turf injury.
- Clippings from the first three mowings should be left on the treated area. Do not use clippings from the treated areas as mulch or compost around flowers, ornamentals, trees, or in vegetable gardens.

6. How Much To Use

Use a drop or rotary spreader designed to apply granular fertilizers. Avoid skips or excessive overlaps as poor weed control or turfgrass injury may result.

[Apply 2.4 to 4.5 pounds of product per 1,000 sq.ft. per application to established turfgrass.] [Apply [2.4] [3.6] [4.5] pounds of product per 1,000 sq. ft. per application to established turfgrass.]

[For products using the 4.5 lb/1000 sq.ft. rate:] The maximum broadcast application rate is 4.5 pounds of product per 1,000 sq.ft. per application [1.32 lbs 2,4-D ae, 0.12 lb dicamba ae, and 0.68 lb quinclorac per acre per application]. The maximum number of broadcast applications is limited to 2 per year with a minimum of 30 days between applications. The maximum annual (seasonal) rate is 9 pounds of product per 1,000 sq.ft. [2.64 lbs 2,4-D ae, 0.24 lb dicamba ae, and 1.36 lb quinclorac per acre].

[For products using the 3.6 lb/1000 sq.ft. rate:] The maximum broadcast application rate is 3.6 pounds of product per 1,000 sq.ft. per application [1.06 lbs 2,4-D ae, 0.10 lb dicamba ae, and 0.54 lb quinclorac per acre per application]. The maximum number of broadcast applications is limited to 2 per year with a minimum of 30 days between applications. The maximum annual (seasonal) rate is 7.2 pounds of product per 1,000 sq.ft. [2.12 lbs 2,4-D ae, 0.20 lb dicamba ae, and 1.08 lb quinclorac per acre].

[For products using the 2.4 lb/1000 sq.ft. rate:] The maximum broadcast application rate is 2.4 pounds of product per 1,000 sq.ft. per application [0.71 lbs 2,4-D ae, 0.06 lb dicamba ae, and 0.36 lb quinclorac per acre per application]. The maximum number of broadcast applications is limited to 2 per year with a minimum of 30 days between applications. The maximum annual (seasonal) rate is 4.8 pounds of product per 1,000 sq.ft. [1.41 lbs 2,4-D ae, 0.13 lb dicamba ae, and 0.72 lb quinclorac per acre].

7. [Spreader Settings] [Coverage] [Distribution]

[Note to Supplemental Registrants: Choose one or more of these application or distribution patterns]

Use the rate listed on this bag. This XX pound bag should be used on XXXX square feet of lawn. A uniform broadcast distribution of product on the treated area is essential. The listed spreader settings are approximate. The age and condition of spreader, speed of operation and evenness of terrain may require slightly different settings for desired coverage. Never apply by hand.

Spreader Settings	
Spreader	Setting
Spreader 1	XXX
Spreader 2	XXX

SPREADERS AND CALIBRATION [or SPREADER CALIBRATIONS AND PATTERNS]: Drop spreaders and rotary spreaders should be calibrated for uniform application of this product.

- For 4.5 pounds of product per 1,000 square feet of turfgrass: Check your spreader on 220 square feet and adjust to apply at the rate of 1 pound of product per 220 square feet.
- For 3.6 pounds of product per 1,000 square feet of turfgrass: Check your spreader on 275 square feet and adjust to apply at the rate of 1 pound of product per 275 square feet.
- For 2.4 pounds of product per 1,000 square feet of turfgrass: Check your spreader on 420 square feet and adjust to apply at the rate of 1 pound of product per 420 square feet.

SPREADERS AND CALIBRATION:

Drop spreaders and rotary spreaders should be calibrated for uniform application of this product.

Choose one of these application or distribution patterns:

1. **Single Pass** - Operate the equipment at intervals corresponding to the width or swath of the spreader. For drop spreaders, overlap the wheel tracks to ensure complete coverage. Close the spreader openings when turning to change directions or when stopping.
[OR Single Pass - Always apply EH1352 Weed & Feed with a properly calibrated rotary or drop type fertilizer spreader. NEVER APPLY BY HAND. To avoid gaps or streaks, first spread border of lawn. Fill in center with uniform, parallel passes. Spreader settings are approximate. Be sure to check spreader before beginning, adjusting if necessary.] To avoid gaps and streaks, first spread border of lawn and then fill in center with uniform, parallel passes. Walk at a steady pace so as to apply evenly throughout the lawn.]
2. **Double Pass** - Reduce the application rate by one-half of the recommended rate, calibrate the spreader, and adjust the settings for the desired application rate. Operate the spreader over the lawn two (2) times. Close the spreader openings when turning to change directions or when stopping.
3. **Cross Hatching** - Reduce the application rate by one-half of the recommended rate, calibrate the spreader, and adjust the settings for the desired application rate. Operate the spreader over the lawn two (2) times. For the second trip, operate the spreader perpendicular to the wheel tracks or the spreader pattern of the first trip. Close the spreader opening when turning to change directions or when stopping.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food, or feed by storage or disposal.

PESTICIDE STORAGE: Keep in original container in a cool, dry area, away from extreme heat and cold.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL: Pesticide wastes are toxic. Improper disposal of excess pesticide, spray mixture, or rinsate is a violation of Federal law. To avoid wastes, use the entire contents in this bag by application according to the label instructions. If these wastes cannot be disposed of by use according to label instructions, contact your State Pesticide or Environmental Control Agency, or the Hazardous Waste representative at the nearest EPA Regional Office for guidance.

CONTAINER DISPOSAL: Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container (bag).

Completely empty bag into application equipment. Then offer for recycling if available or dispose of empty bag in a sanitary landfill or by incineration or, if allowed by state and local authorities, by burning. If burned, stay out of smoke.

LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER

FOR USE ONLY AS DIRECTED. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, THE MANUFACTURER NEITHER MAKES NOR INTENDS ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING ANY WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE, WHICH ARE HEREBY EXPRESSLY DISCLAIMED. TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH APPLICABLE LAW, IN NO CASE SHALL THE MANUFACTURER BE LIABLE FOR INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL, OR SPECIAL DAMAGES RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT. If these terms are not acceptable, return this product unopened immediately to the point of purchase, and the purchase price will be refunded in full. The terms of this LIMITED WARRANTY AND DISCLAIMER cannot be varied by any written or verbal statements or agreements at the point of sale or elsewhere.

APPENDIX

1. Statements which may appear on different label components depending on packaging configuration.

- See next panel for additional Precautionary Statements and First Aid
- Net Weight _____
- EPA Est. No. _____

21. Advertising claims that may be presented on container labeling, advertisements, brochures, and other marketing/sales promotional materials:

- Use [Apply] where [anytime] weeds are actively growing.
- Kills [Controls] existing crabgrass
- Kills existing weeds, [and feeds your lawn] in one step
- Apply Spring and Fall
- Controls [kills] desired weed species [from attached listing may be inserted here] and other grass and broadleaf weeds [and many other listed broadleaf weeds].
- Control of grass and broadleaf weeds [as listed]!
- 2 in 1: Kills existing grass and broadleaf weeds and fertilizes [in one step]
- Kills [Controls] over XXX grass and broadleaf weeds
- Kills the weeds present in your lawn
- Kills two types of weeds with one product
- Kills all major weeds [as listed]
- Kills major lawn weeds
- Kills dandelion, clover and crabgrass!
- Kills existing weeds
- Kills dandelion, crabgrass and more
- Northern and Southern Grasses, Bluegrass, Fescue, Zoysia, Bermuda, Perennial Ryegrass
- Treats Northern and Southern Grasses
- Kills [Over] [XXX] [+] Weeds [Weed Types], Even [Including] the Roots.
- Especially effective on hard-to-kill weeds
- Kills broadleaf weeds in lawns
- Kills major broadleaf weeds, even the roots.
- Kills dandelion and many other broadleaf weeds.
- Use on Lawns to Kill the Toughest Weeds like Clover and dandelion.
- Tough weed killer

- Kills [Destroys] [even] the tough[est] [hard-to-kill] broadleaf weeds [like clover, dandelion, oxalis]
- Kills [major] broadleaf weeds [like clover, dandelion, oxalis]
- Provides broadleaf control
- Controls [Kills] clover, dandelion, plantain, chickweed and [other broadleaf,weeds] [others as listed]
- Clobbers clover
- Kills the root
- Kills weed roots!
- Kills tough lawn weeds
- Consistently fast on: tough weeds like clover, plantain, ground ivy and spurge [various other weeds listed]
- For home lawn care
- Targets weeds, leaves [grasses][the lawn] unharmed
 - Controls Dandelion, White Clover, Plantain, Chickweed, Spurge and Many Other Listed Weeds
 - Kills Weeds While Feeding Your Lawn
 - Kills major broadleaf weeds including roots.
 - Use as directed to kill major broadleaf weeds in your lawn.
 - For use on: Kentucky bluegrass, fescue spp., perennial ryegrass, common bermudagrass, zoysiagrass, hybrid bermudagrass
 - Kills Crabgrass and Fertilizes
- Covers [X,XXX] [XX,XXX] square feet [sq ft] [sq. ft.].
- Feed for 3 months guaranteed!
- Starts working on contact
- Quick greening and extended feeding
- Phosphorus-Free
- Kills over 250 weeds as listed
- Controls a wide spectrum of broadleaf weeds
- Controls crabgrass
- Kills weeds down to the roots
- Kills dandelions and feeds grass
- Builds strong, deep roots
- Kills dandelions and other major lawn weeds
- Kills the weeds not the lawn
- Lawn fertilizer plus weed control
- Promotes root growth for a thicker, greener lawn
- Controls crabgrass escapes
- Icon: Satisfaction ACE Promise Guaranteed
- The Ace Promise: If this Ace product, when used for its intended purpose, fails to give you complete satisfaction, return the item to the Ace Hardware store where purchased for free replacement of the same or similar item.
- Questions & Comments? 1-800-884-3179 or pbigordon.com
- Quality since 1924
- Icon: Spring, Summer Fall, Winter
- Vigoro Guarantee: If for any reason, you, the consumer, are not satisfied after using this product, you are entitled to get your money back. Simply send us proof of purchase and we will mail you a refund check promptly.
- Icon & Text: Works The First Time Or Your Money Back!
- Assurance Particle Technology®
- Even Feeding - Even Greening - With No Burn - Guaranteed!
- Garden Club/ Membership is Free!
- Why Fertilize the Lawn? While it is easy to see that satisfying deep green when you fertilize, regular feedings can actually do much more...1. Promote a deep and dense root system that is better able to reach water and find nutrients during tough heat & drought, so lawn stays greener, longer and bounces back faster. 2. Thicken lawn with additional blades of grass, making it more resistant to bare

spots and thinning. 3. Help prevent weeds by making it difficult for weed seeds in the air to find soil to root, as well as crowd out existing weeds.

- Icons: [unfed lawn icon] [regularly fed icon]
- Next Feeding: [Feed Every X weeks for optimal results**Maximum of 2 applications per year]][Apply when weeds are actively growing]][Apply anytime during the growing season]
- Icon: Lawn surface area illustration
- Icon: Spreader single pass illustration
- Beautiful lawns since 1924
- Money Back Guarantee: If you are not completely satisfied with this product, please mail your name, address and proof of purchase (package UPC) and a brief explanation for seeking a refund.

3. Trademark acknowledgement statements:

- TRIMEC® is a registered trademark of PBI/GORDON CORPORATION.

4. Fertilizer Labeling Requirements in States:

- Information regarding the contents and levels of metals in this product is available on the internet at: <http://www.aapfco.org/metals.html>
- When applied as directed, this fertilizer meets the guidelines for metals adopted by the Association of American Plant Food Control Officials. Information regarding the contents and levels of metals in this product is available on the Internet at <Http://www.aapfco.org/metals.html>
- Apply only to actively growing turf. Do not apply near water, storm drains or drainage ditches. Do not apply if heavy rain is expected. Apply this product only to your lawn, and sweep any product that lands in the driveway, sidewalk, or street, back onto your lawn. Check with your local Cooperative Extension Agency to obtain specific information on local turf best management practices. Check with your county or city government to determine if there are local regulations for fertilizer use.
- Typically a lawn will utilize 1 to 4 pounds of nitrogen per 1,000 square feet per growing season. When used as directed this product will supplement your regular fertilizer program by providing ___ pounds of nitrogen per 1,000 square feet. Consult your local Extension office for questions regarding a fertilizer program suitable to your geographical region.
- If the use rate applies less than 1 pound nitrogen per 1,000 sq.ft. per application, the following statement may appear: Supplemental applications of lawn fertilizer are needed to achieve a minimum of 1 pound nitrogen per 1,000 sq.ft.
- Advisory for Fertilizers Containing Iron: Keep this product off sidewalks, patios, driveways, etc. This fertilizer may stain concrete and painted surfaces. If it comes in contact with concrete surfaces, sweep off immediately before flushing with water. If concrete is wet when contact occurs, staining may be impossible to prevent. Be careful when using rotary spreaders which scatter fertilizer beyond lawn edge and onto concrete.

GUARANTEED FERTILIZER ANALYSIS	
Total Nitrogen (N)	x.x%
x.x% Ammoniacal Nitrogen	
x.x% Water Insoluble Nitrogen	
x.x% Urea Nitrogen	
x.x% Other Water Soluble Nitrogen	
Available Phosphate (P2O5)	x.x%
Soluble Potash (K2O)	x.x%
Iron (Fe)	x.x%
Nutrient Sources: [Guaranteed analysis and nutrient sources to be supplied based on fertilizer analysis used by manufacturer.]	

Broadleaf Weeds: [Controls][Kills][253][more than ###] weeds! (List of weeds may include the following):

Broadleaf Weeds: [Controls][Kills][253][more than ###] weeds! (List of weeds may include the following):			
Amaranth, purple	Creeping Jenny	Morningglory, red	Sowthistle, spiny
Amaranth, slender	(creeping	Morningglory, tall	Spanish needles
Aster, heath	charlie)	Morningglory, woolly	Speedwell, bi-lobed
Aster, white heath	Cupid shaving Brush	Mustard, ball	Speedwell, common
Aster, purple	Cudweed	Mustard, black	Speedwell, corn
Aster, white prairie	Daisy, English	Mustard, blue	Speedwell, ivyleaf
Artichoke	Daisy, oxeye	Mustard, hedge	Speedwell, persian
Austrian fieldcress	Dandelion, common	Mustard, indian,	Speedwell, purslane
Bedstraw, Catchweed	Dandelion, false	Mustard, tansy	Speedwell, slender
Bedstraw, smooth	Day flower	Mustard, tumble	Speedwell, snow
Bedstraw, Northern	Deadnettle	Mustard, white	Speedwell, thymeleaf
Bedstraw, pineywoods	Dichondra	Mustard, wormseed	Spiny amaranth
Beggarticks, hairy	Dock, broadleaf	Nettle, stinging (burning)	Spurge, spotted
Betony, Florida	Dock, curly	Nettle, tall	Spurge, prostrate
Bindweed, Field	Dogbane	Nettle, wood	Spurweed
Bindweed, Hedge	Dogfennel	Parsley-piert	Star of Bethlehem
Bitter Wintercress	Dollarweed	Parsnip	Strawberry, India mock
Bittercress, hairy	(Pennywort)	Pearlwort	Tansy ragwort
Bitterweed	Dove weed	Pennycress (frenchweed)	Tanweed
Black-eyed Susan	Elderberry	Mugwort	Thistle, blessed
Black Medic	Falseflax	Pepperweed, perennial	Thistle, bull
Blood flower milkweed	False sunflower	Pepperweed, virginia	Thistle, canada
Blue lettuce	Fiddleneck	(Peppergrass)	Thistle, flodman (prairie)
Brassbuttons	Filaree, redstem	Pigweed, prostate	Thistle, musk
Bristly oxtongue	Filaree, whitestem	Pigweed, redroot	Thistle, platte
Broomweed	Fleabane, daisy	Pigweed, russian	Thistle, plumeless
Buckhorn	(annual)	Pigweed, smooth	Thistle, russian
Bullnettle	Fleabane, rough	Pigweed, tumble	Thistle, scotch
Burclover	Galinsoga, hairy	Pineapple weed	Thistle, wavyleaf
Burdock	Galinsoga, smallflower	Plains coreopsis (tickseed)	Thistle, yellow (horrible)
Burweed, lawn (spurweed)	Goldenrod	Plantain, blackseed	Trailing crownvetch
Buttercup, bulbous	Ground ivy	Plantain, bracted	Velvetleaf
Buttercup, creeping	Groundsel	Plantain, broadleaf	Vervain, blue
Buttonweed, common	Gumweed	Plantain, buckhorn	Vervain, hoary
(poorjoe)	Hairy fleabane	Plantain, hoary	Vervain, prostrate
Buttonweed, virginia	Hawkweed, meadow	Plantain, narrowleaf	Vervain, tall
Carolina geranium (wild)	Hawkweed, mouseear	Plantain, slender	Vetch, bird
Carpetweed	Hawkweed, orange	Plantain, woolly	Vetch, hairy
Catnip	Hawkweed, yellow	Poison ivy	Vetch, milk
Catsear, spotted (false	Healall	Poison oak	Vetch, narrowleaf
dandelion)	Heartleaf drymary	Pokeweed	Vetch, wild
Chamber bitter	Hemp	Prairie Sunflower	Virginia creeper
Chickweed, common	Henbit	Prickly lettuce (compass plant)	Western clematis
Chickweed, mouseear	Hoary cress	Prickly sida	Western salsify
Chickweed, sticky	Horsenettle	Prostrate knotweed	Wild aster
Chicory	Horseweed	Puncturevine	Wild buckweat
Cinquefoil	Jimsonweed	Purslane, common	Wild carrot
Clover, crimson	Johnny-Jumpup violet	Pusley, brazil	Wild four-o'clock
Clover, alyce	Knawel	Pusley, florida	Wild lettuce
Clover, hop	Knotweed, prostrate	Pusley, large flower	Wild marigold
Clover, rabbit foot	Kochia	Ragweed, bur	Wild mustard (yellow rocket)
Clover, red	Lambsquarters	Ragweed, common	Wild parsnip
Clover, strawberry	Lespedeza	Ragweed, lanceleaf	Wild radish
Clover, yellow sweet	Mallow, alkali	Ragweed, western	Wild rape
Clover, white sweet	Mallow, bristly	Redstem filaree	Wild strawberry
Clover, white	Mallow, common	Rough cinquefoil	Wild sweet potato
Cockle	Mallow, dwarf	Scarlet pimpernel	Woodsorrel, creeping
Cocklebur	Mallow, venice	Shepardspurse	Woodsorrel, violet
Cocklebur, oriental	Marcela	Smartweed, ladythumb	Woodsorrel, yellow (Oxalis)
Cocklebur, spiny	Matchweed	Smartweed, pale	Woolly croton
Common mullein	Mexicanweed	Smartweed, pennsylvania	Wormseed

Broadleaf Weeds: [Controls][Kills][253][more than ###] weeds! (List of weeds may include the following):			
Corn Spurry Creeping Beggarweed	Moneywort Morningglory, bigroot Morningglory, ivyleaf Morningglory, mexican	Smooth chaff-flower Smoothdock Sorrel, red (sheep) Sowthistle, annual	Yarrow, common Yarrow, western Yarrow, yellow

DOCUMENT CONTROL INFORMATION

- 1. Unique Label Identifier:** 002217-00963.20190213.notif-proposed-highlighted
- 2. Reason for Issue:** ad claims, correct CAS number , state fertilizer language